

5-4**Study Guide and Intervention****Factoring Polynomials**

Simplify Quotients In the last lesson you learned how to simplify the quotient of two polynomials by using long division or synthetic division. Some quotients can be simplified by using factoring.

Example

$$\text{Simplify } \frac{8x^2 + 11x + 12}{2x^2 - 13x - 24}.$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{8x^2 + 11x + 12}{2x^2 - 13x - 24} &= \frac{(2x + 3)(x + 4)}{(x - 8)(2x + 3)} && \text{Factor the numerator and denominator.} \\ &= \frac{x + 4}{x - 8} && \text{Divide. Assume } x \neq 8, -\frac{3}{2}.\end{aligned}$$

Exercises**Act. #77**

Simplify. Assume that no denominator is equal to 0.

1. $\frac{x^2 - 7x + 12}{x^2 - x - 6}$

2. $\frac{x^2 + 6x + 5}{2x^2 - x - 3}$

3. $\frac{x^2 - 11x + 30}{x^2 - 5x - 6}$

4. $\frac{x^2 + x - 6}{x^2 - 7x + 10}$

5. $\frac{2x^2 + 5x - 3}{4x^2 + 11x - 3}$

6. $\frac{5x^2 + 9x - 2}{x^2 + 5x + 6}$

7. $\frac{4x^2 + 4x - 3}{2x^2 - x - 6}$

8. $\frac{6x^2 + 25x + 4}{x^2 + 6x + 8}$

9. $\frac{x^2 - 7x + 10}{3x^2 - 8x - 35}$

10. $\frac{4x^2 + 16x + 15}{2x^2 + x - 3}$

11. $\frac{3x^2 + 4x - 15}{2x^2 + 3x - 9}$

12. $\frac{x^2 - 14x + 49}{x^2 - 2x - 35}$

13. $\frac{x^2 - 81}{2x^2 - 23x + 45}$

14. $\frac{7x^2 + 11x - 6}{x^2 - 4}$

15. $\frac{4x^2 - 12x + 9}{2x^2 + 13x - 24}$

16. $\frac{4x^2 - 4x - 3}{8x^2 - 8x - 24}$

17. $\frac{3y^2 - 75}{3y^2 - 17y + 20}$

18. $\frac{6x^2 - 4x}{9x^2 - 4}$

19. $\frac{8y^2 + 33y + 4}{6y^2 - 1}$

20. $\frac{x^4 - 36x^2}{x^3 + 7x^2 + 6x}$

21. $\frac{m^2 - 289}{m^3 - 15m^2 - 34m}$